

## MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY TIRUNELVELI – 12

#### **SYLLABUS**

## M.Sc NANO SCIENCE AND NANO TECHNOLOGY

## TAMILNADU STATE COUNCIL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 005

#### For THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2024 – 2025

#### The preamble of the syllabus

Nanoscience is the study of systems in nanoscale and nanotechnology is the ability to systematically organize and manipulate properties and behavior of matter in the atomic and molecular levels. Nanotechnology is the application of nanoscience leading to the use of new nanomaterials and nanosize components in useful products. These newborn scientific disciplines are situated at the interface between physics, chemistry, materials science, microelectronics, biochemistry, and biotechnology and engineering. Through nanoscience and nanotechnology it has become possible to study and create very useful functional devices, materials and systems on the 1 to 100 nanometer (one billionth of a meter) length scale. The reasons why nanoscale has become so important are presented. Nanotechnology will eventually provide us with the ability to design custom-made materials and products with new enhanced properties, new nanoelectronics components, new types of "smart" medicines and sensors, and even interfaces between electronics and biological systems, nanodevices, nanorobotics, nanocomputers, nanopowders, nanostructured catalysts and nanoporous materials, molecular manufacturing, nanolayers, molecular nanotechnology, medicine such as Alzheimer's and cancer prediction, prevention and treatment through nanotechnology, nanobiology, organic nanostructures.

Master of Science (M.Sc.) in Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, the curricula, and course content were designed to meet the standards of UGC-CSIR (NET) and (SLET) examinations. The choice- based credit system of learning develops a strong base in the core subject and specializes in the disciplines of his / her liking and abilities and develops an in-depth understanding of various aspects of Nanotechnology. The students develop experimental skills, design, and implementation of novel synthetic methods, and develop the aptitude for academic and professional skills, by acquiring basic concepts for structural elucidation with hyphenated techniques, and understanding the fundamental biological process and rationale of the computer. The project introduced in the curriculum will motivate the students to pursue research and entrepreneurial skill development.

#### MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION

The medium of instruction as well as examination will be in English.

#### **ELIGIBLITY**

Any undergraduate science degree recognized by UGC.

#### THEORY EXAMINATION

The external evaluation will be based on the examination to be conducted by the university at the end of each semester.

#### PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of each semester.

#### **Evaluation**

- A. Each paper carries an internal component
- B. There is a pass minimum of 50% for P.G. external and overall components

Theory External: Internal Assessment = 75:25

Practical External: Internal Assessment = 50:50

#### C. Internal Assessment

Internal marks for Theory shall be allocated in the following manner.

The average of the best two tests from three compulsory tests	15 Marks
Seminar	05 Marks
Assignment/ Model Making /Quiz	05 Marks
Total	25 Marks

Note: Each test will be of one hour duration.

#### E. External Assessment

External marks distribution

Section A: 10x 1 = 10 marks (Q.No. 1 to 10)

Section B:05 x 5 = 25 marks (Q.No. 11 to 15)

Section C:  $05 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks}$  (Q.No. 16 to 20)

#### D. Practical

Core Practical Examination having the following marks:

Internal – 50 marks	External – 50 marks
Major Practical = 15 marks	Major Practical = 15 marks
Minor Practical = 10 marks	Minor Practical = 10 marks
Spotters (A, B, C, D & E) 5 x 3 = 20 marks	Spotters (A, B, C, D & E) 5 x 3 = 15 marks
Observation Note book or Record note = 05 marks	Observation Note book or Record note = 05 marks
Viva voce – 05 marks	Viva voce – 05 marks
Total – 50 marks	Total – 50 marks

Passing minimum of 50% for external and overall components

#### E: Project work

Internal – 50 marks	External – 50 marks
Tota	l Marks – 100

#### **Distribution of Marks in Project Course**

Internal	50 marks
External Project m	nark distribution
Project report	30 marks
Presentation	10 marks
Viva voce	10 marks
Total	100 marks

#### **Note:**

- i) Student should carry out INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS only
- ii) Project shall be allotted at the beginning of the IV semester.
- iii) Students may be allowed to carry out the project work in other research institutes.
- iv) Faculty members of the respective colleges must serve as guides
- v) Project report evaluation will be done and Viva-voce will be conducted by both the external examiner and the internal examiner at the end of the FOURTH SEMESTER itself.
- vi) Project report in THREE copies has to be submitted at the time of the exam.
- vii) Evaluation of Project report has to be done by the examiner(s) appointed by the University for 50 Marks.
- viii) Special weightage may be given for the students who publish their research work in recognised journal including online.

#### H. INTERNSHIP/Field work/Industrial visit

To strengthen and elevate the professional skills of students, Internship (Part Time/ Full Time) is incorporated with 2 credits (3 Hours / Cycle) in Fourth semester.

Industrial visit or Field visit may adopted and a report has to submitted

#### Evaluation for internship/Field work/Industrial visit

Student shall submit their report (Minimum of 15 pages focusing internship, excluding front page, declaration, certificate etc.) individually.

Internship work/Field work/Industrial visit

Internal – 50 marks	External – 50 marks
Tota	l Marks – 100

#### Distribution of Marks in Internship Course/Field work/Industrial visit

Internal	50 marks
External internship	mark distribution
Internship report	25 marks
Presentation	15 marks
Viva voce	10 marks
Total	100 marks

TANSCHE R	EGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION
Programme	M.Sc., Nano Science & Nanotechnology
<b>Programme Code</b>	
Duration	2 years for PG
Programme	PO1
Outcomes (Pos)	Demonstrate knowledge on the physics/chemistry/biotechnology and basics of nanoscale science and technology for their multifunctional applications.
	PO2
	Demonstrate ability to synthesis and characterize the materials in general and also nanomaterials.
	PO3
	Project their skill in lithography and nanofabrication.
	PO4 Having expertise in processing of nanomaterials, MEMS and bio MEMS as perneeds and specifications.
	PO5
	Demonstrate an ability to visualize and work on laboratory and multidisciplinary tasks including material science, physics, chemistry and nanobiotechnology.
	PO6 Demonstrate skills to use synthesis, processing and imaging equipments to

analyze samples.

#### **PO7**

Able to propagate their knowledge to address problems of social relevance such as energy, environment and medicine through their specific electives.

## PO8

Understanding the impact of nanomaterials on the society including environment, health and ecosystem.

#### **PO9**

Able to plan and execute their own innovative ideas in the form of projects, product design and development.

#### **PO10**

Develop confidence for self-education and ability for life-long learning.



ProgrammeSpecific	PSO1
Outcomes (PSOs)	Provide exposure in various specialization of Nanotechnology.
	PSO2
	Provide exposure to advanced experimental/theoretical methods for
	measurement, observation, and fundamental understanding of phenomenon at
	nanoscale and nanosystems.
	PSO3
	Engage in research and life-long learning to adapt to changing environment.
	PSO4
	Having adaptive thinking and adaptability in relation to environmental context
	and sustainable development.
	PSO5
	Having a clear understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.

## **Template for P.G., Programmes**

Semester-I	Credit	Hours	Semester-II	Credit	Hours	Semester-III	Credit	Hours	Semester-IV	Credi t	Hours
1.1. Core-I	5	7	2.1. Core-IV	5	6	3.1. Core-VII	5	6	4.1. Core-XI	5	6
1.2 Core-II	5	7	2.2 Core-V	5	6	3.2 Core-VII	5	6	4.2 Core-XII	5	6
1.3 Core – III	4	6	2.3 Core – VI	4	6	3.3 Core – IX	5	6	4.3 Project with viva voce	7	10
1.4 Discipline Centric Elective –I	3	5	2.4 Discipline Centric Elective – III	3	4	3.4 Core – X	4	6	4.4Elective - VI (Industry / Entrepreneurship) 20% Theory 80% Practical	3	4
1.5 Generic Elective-II:	3	5	2.5 Generic Elective -IV:	3	4	3.5 Discipline Centric Elective – V	3	3	4.5 Skill Enhancement course / Professional Competency Skill	2	4
			2.6 NME I	2	4	3.6 NME II	2	3	4.6 Extension Activity	1	
						3.7 Internship/ Industrial Activity	2	-			
	20	30		22	30		26	30		23	30

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of
			Hours
	Core – I	5	6
	Core – II	5	6
	Core – III	4	6
	Elective – I	3	6
	Elective – II	3	6
		20	30

## Semester-II

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of
			Hours
	Core – IV	5	6
	Core – V	5	6
	Core – VI	4	6
	Elective – III	3	4
	Elective – IV	3	4
	Skill Enhancement Course [SEC] – I	2	4
		22	30

## Second Year – Semester – III

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – VII	5	5
	Core – VIII	5	5
	Core – IX	5	5
	Core -X	4	6
	Elective – V	3	5
	Skill Enhancement Course – II	2	4
	Internship / Industrial Activity [Credits]	2	-
		26	30

## Semester-IV

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – XI	5	6
	Core – XII	5	6
	Project with VIVA VOCE	7	10
	Elective – VI (Industry Entrepreneurship)	3	4
	Skill Enhancement Course – III / Professional Competency Skill	2	4
	Extension Activity	1	-
		23	30

**Total 91 Credits for PG Courses** 

## M.Sc., Nano science and Nano Technology

## **SEMESTER – I:**

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE		70	Hrs	MA MAH	
COMPONENTS	Hours	Credits	Exam ]	CIA	EXT	
Core-I	Introductory Physics	6	5	3	25	75
Core- II	Introductory Chemistry	6	5	3	25	75
Core-III	Nanoscience Practical I	6	4	6	50	50
Discipline Centric Elective- I	Introduction to Material Science	6	3	3	25	75
Generic Elective- II	Choose any one A. Introductory Biology B. Laboratory safety and Health	6	3	3	25	75
		30	20			

## **SEMESTER - II**

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE			Hrs	MAX MARKS	
COMPONENTS	Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology  Preparation of Nanomaterials  Ore-V  Nanoscience Practical II  Scipline Centric ective- III  Eneric Choose any one  A.Nanobiotechnology  B,Introduction to Nanotoxicology  Research Methodology	Hours	Credits	Exam E	CIA	EXT
Core-IV		6	5	3	25	75
Core-V		6	5	3	25	75
Core-VI	Nanoscience Practical II	6	4	6	50	50
Discipline Centric Elective- III	Characterization Techniques of Nanomaterials –I	4	3	3	25	75
Generic Elective- IV	A.Nanobiotechnology	4	3	3	25	75
Skill Enhancement [SEC]-I	Research Methodology	4	2	3	25	75
		30	22			

#### **SEMESTER – III:**

COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE		70	Hrs	MAX MARKS	
COMPONENTS	NAME OF THE COURSE	Hours	Credits	Exam ]	CIA	EXT
Core-VII	Nanoelectronics and Nano sensors	5	5	3	25	75
Core-VIII	Properties of Nanomaterials	5	5	3	25	75
Core-IX	Characterization Techniques of Nanomaterials-II	5	5	3	25	75
Core X	Nanoscience Practical III	6	4	6	50	50
Discipline Centric Elective- V	Choose any one A. Advanced nanomaterials for Nanotechnology B. Biomaterials and biotechnology for tissue engineering	5	3	3	25	75
SEC II	Green Manufacturing Technology	4	2	3	25	75
	Internship / Industrial Activity / Field Visit	-	2		50	50
		30	26			

## **SEMESTER - IV**

COURSE NAME OF THE COURSE				Hrs	MAI	
COMPONENTS	NAME OF THE COURSE	Hours	Credits	Exam E	CIA	EXT
Core-XI	Biomedical Nanotechnology	6	5	3	25	75
Core-XII	Industrial Nanotechnology	6	5	3	25	75
Elective- VI	Choose any one A. Nanotechnology for Food and Agriculture B. Nanomedicine and drug delivery	4	3	6	50	50
SEC III	Basics of Pharmaceutical sciences and quality audit	4	2	3	25	75
	Project with viva voce	10	7		50	50
	Extension Activity	-	1		50	50
		30	23			

Total Credits: 91 credits

#### SEMESTER I CORE I

Core I – Int	roductory Physics	I YEAR –	I YEAR – FIRST SEMESTER					
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Introductory Physics	Core				5	6	75

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge in Physics
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:
	To understand fundamental concepts of electromagnetic waves, current, magnetism, electronics and quantum mechanics.
	To gain knowledge on electronic devices such as diodes and transistors also to understand the basic concepts of quantum mechanics
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
	CO1: Understand fundamental concepts of physics which are necessary for nanoscience and technology subject
	CO2: Apply the gained subject knowledge to understand the nano-enabled devices
	CO3: Evaluate microscopic scales with macroscopic Impact with the help of Physics.
	CO4: Understanding on real time applications of physics
	CO5: Analyze the acquired knowledge and understanding on real time applications of physics
Unit:1	WAVES AND OPTICS
Electromagn	netic waves and their characteristics – Theories of light –Wave, Electromagnetic and

Electromagnetic waves and their characteristics – Theories of light –Wave, Electromagnetic and Quantum – Scattering of light: Rayleigh's and Tyndal scattering – Huygen's principle – Interference – Diffraction – Polarization of light waves

Unit:2	ELECTRIC CURRENT	
Electric Curren	t - Flow of Charges in Metals - Drift Velocity, Mobility and	d Their Relation –
Ohm's Law: E	electrical Resistance - I-V Characteristics - Resistivity and	Conductivity –
Superconductiv	vity – Joule's Heating Effect – Thermoelectric Effects: Seebo	eck and Peltier
Effect.		

Unit:	3	MAGNETISM	
Funda	amental (	Concepts of Magnetism- Bohr Magneton- Magnetic Dipol	les- Field- Electron
Spin	and Magn	etic Moment- Magnetic moment due to Nuclear Spin- Magnetic	netic dipoles-
Perm	eability- N	Magnetization - Intensity of Magnetization - Magnetic Mater	ials
Unit:	4	ELECTRONICS	
Class	ification o	of Solids, Energy Levels, Intrinsic and Extrinsic Semiconduc	ctor, Conduction
In Me	etals and S	Semiconductors. Diode Under Forward and Reverse Bias - 7	Γransistor Basics,
Work	ing Princ	iples – Current-Voltage Characteristics	
	_	<b>V</b>	
Unit:	5	QUANTUM MECHANICS	
De-B	roglie wa	velength: in terms of energy and potential – Schrödinger time	me dependent
equat	ion – Tin	ne independent equation - Applications of Schrödinger w	ave equation - One
dime	nsional ha	rmonic oscillator: Eigen values of the total energy - Particl	le in a one
dime	nsional bo	X.	
Text	Book(s)		
1		ate Physics, S.O. Pillai, 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed, New Age International Publi	shers (2001).
2	Introduc	tion To Solid-State Physics, C. Kittel, Wiley (1986).	
3		sm: Principles and Applications, D. Craik, Wiley (1995).	
4		ook of Quantum Mechanics, P. M. Mathews and K. Venkator-Hill, (1978)	esan, Tata
5	Quantur Springer	n Mechanics: Theory and Applications, Ajoy Ghatak, and S. (2004)	Lokanathan,
Refer	rence Boo	ok(s)	
1.	Text Bo (2006).	ok Of Electronics, S. Chattopadhyay, New Central Book Ag	ency pvt. Ltd.,
2.		c Materials: Fundamentals And Applications by Nicola A. I Ige University Press, 2nd Edition, (2018)	Spaldin,
D.1.	10 "	C A FINOOC CHIANAN NIDER WILL A	
Relat		e Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1		Electromagnetism ptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106122/	
2		Magnetic Properties	
		www.youtube.com/watch?v=QQZ6EGf0Ju8	
3	NPTEL:	Quantum Mechanics	
	https://n	ptel.ac.in/courses/115/101/115101107/	

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 

#### **SEMESTER I**

Core II – Introductory chemistry		I YEAR -	I YEAR – FIRST SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks	
	Introductory chemistry	Core				5	6	75	

Pre	Basic knowledge with concepts of Chemistry
requisite:	
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:
Objectives:	Learn the chemical equilibria concepts, symmetry and group theories, thermodynamic law.
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
	CO1: Define and identify differential branches of chemistry and their importance
	CO2: Understand and describe chemical concepts and processes
	CO3: Interpretation and application of the theories to chemical process and derivations
	CO4: Differentiate different properties and mechanisms of organic reactions, inorganic properties and physical concepts
	CO5: Evaluation and assessment of the theories and chemical process fordifferent applications.

	Units
I	Chemical Equilibria - Activity Concept, Equilibrium Constant and
	Applications, Ionisation Constants of Acids and Bases. Concept Of pH,
	Hydrolysis of Salts.
II	Buffers – Types, Range and Capacity, Dissociation of Polyprotic Acids, Common
	Ion Effect, Salt Effect. Electrochemistry – Conductivity of
	Electrolytes, Electrochemical Cells, Standard Electrode Potentials
III	Bonding Models in Chemistry – Ionic Bond, Covalent Bond, Theories of Bonding
	in Coordination Compounds-valence band theory-crystal field theory Electronic
	Spectra of CoordinationCompounds
IV	Thermodynamics: First, Second and Third Law of Thermodynamics. Gibbs
	And Helmholtz Energy - Chemical Equilibrium-Law of mass action-
	Arrhenius equation -Chemical Kinetics, Transition State Theory and
	Collision Theory, Heterogeneous Catalysis.
V	Structure of Organic Compounds – Electronic theory of Bonding-Tetrahedral
	model of carbon atoms-substitution reaction and its types- Free radical-Ionic-
	Electrophillic and nucleophilic reactions of Aromatic compounds-Elimination
	and addition reaction of Aromatic compounds.
Reading	1. Fundamentals Of Analytical Chemistry - Skoog, West and Holler,
List(Printand Online)	Saunders College, Publishing, VII Ed, (1996).
ŕ	2. Text Book Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – A.I. Vogel, Elbs,IVEd.,
	(1985).
	3. Physical Chemistry,.A. Alberty And R.J. Silbey
Recommended	1. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity – J.E.
Texts	Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, IVEd.
	2. Physical Chemistry, Atkins
	3. Text Book Of Quantitative Chemical Analysis – A.I. Vogel, VI
	Ed, Pearson Education Ltd, 2001

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low -1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 

#### SEMESTER I

Core Paper III - Nanoscience Practical I	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanoscience Practical III	Core				4	6	50 +50

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge in Physics, chemistry and Biology
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:
Objectives:	Acquire practical skills in basic instruments in the field of biology, chemistry
	and Physics for nanoscience
Course	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
Outcomes	
	CO1: Acquire practical skills in the use of instruments, technologies and methods in
	biomolecules like glucose, proteins.
	CO2: Gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate with the theory.
	CO3: Provides opportunities to collect and examine samples from bloodand cells.
	CO4: Identify the acidic and bases values of the chemicals
	CO5: Understand the basic characteristics of the electronic devices

#### Any five experiments

- 1. Find out the RF-value of amino acids using Paper chromatography
- 2.Estimate the protein concentration of the given sample by using Lowry method
- 3.Estimate of blood glucose level and blood group analysis.
- 4. Curve fitting analysis for given set of data
- 5. Study the forward and reverse characterize of P-N junction diode and Zenor diode
- 6. Study the characteristics of transistor in CE,CC, CB mode.
- 7. DC conductivity measurement using Two probe setup.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1
Mapping with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

## SEMESTER I Discipline Centric Elective Course-1

Dicipline centric Elective I – Introduction to Material Science		I YEAR – FIRST SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Introduction to Material Science	Core				3	6	75

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge with concepts of solid state physics
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:  To understand fundamental concepts of crystal structure and defects To gain knowledge in electrical, magnetic, thermal, optical and mechanical materials
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to  CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of material science  CO2: Apply the gained subject knowledge to understand the advanced concepts of nanoscience.  CO3: Evaluate the impact of presence of impurity and applied temperature on various properties ofmaterials.
	CO4: Analyze the acquired knowledge and understanding on real time applications of various functional materials  CO5: Evaluate the different in the types of materials.

Unit:1	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE AND DEFECTS					
Structure of M	atter- Amorphous, Crystalline, Crystals, Polycrystals, Symi	netry, Unit Cells,				
CrystalStructur	res, Crystallographic Planes, Miller Indices, Chemical Bon-	ding, Atomic				
Bonding in So	Bonding in Solids, Types of Bonds: Metallic, Ionic, Covalent and Vander Waals; Crystal					
Defects.						
Unit:2	ELECTRICAL MATERIALS					
Origin of Band	I Gap in Solids - Concept of Effective Mass of Electron ar	nd Hole – Band Gap				
Determination	- Electrical Conductivity - Activation Energy - Carrie	er Concentration In				
Semiconductor	s - Effect of Temperature and Impurity on Fermi Le	evel – Hall Effect				
Determination	of Hall Coefficient.					

Unit:3	MAGNETIC MATERIALS	1

Magnetic Materials – Dia, Para, Ferro, Anti-Ferro and Ferri Magnetism – Magnetic Susceptibility –Curie and Neel Transition Temperature – Hysteresis – Remanence – Coercivity – Saturation Magnetization –Origin of Domain theory- Ferrites – Magnetic Recording and Readout – Storage of Data – Tapes and Floppy - Magnetic Disk Drives.



Unit:4	ļ	DIELECTRIC MATERIALS	
Dielec	etric Mate	erials: Electronic, Ionic, Orientational, and Space Charge Po	larization –
Comp	lex Diele	ctric Constant RC Equivalent Network – Dielectric Loss – D	ifferent
		ctric Breakdown, Classification of Insulating Materials.	
Unit:	5	THERMAL, OPTICAL & MECHANICAL	
		MATERIALS	
Therm	nal: Heat	t Capacity - Thermal Expansion - Thermal Conductiv	rity and Stresses -
Optica	alPropert	ies of Metals and Non-Metals. Application of Optical Pheno	omena – Mechanical
Proper	rties: Ela	astic And Plastic Deformation - Interpretation of St	ress-Strain Curves,
Comp	ressive S	Strength –Hardness: Rockwell, Brinell and Vickers.	
Text B	Book(s)	· ·	
1	Solid Sta	te Physics, S.O. Pillai, 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed, New Age International Publishers (2	2001).
2	Introduct	tion To Solid-State Physics, C. Kittel, Wiley (1986).	
3			
	Magnetis	sm: Principles and Applications, D. Craik, Wiley (1995).	
4		ce Spectroscopy: Theory, Experiment, and Applications, 3rd Edition and Dr. J. Ross Macdonald, Wiley (2018).	on, Dr. Evgenij
Refere	ence Book	$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{s})$	
1.	Solid-Sta (2018).	ate Physics: Introduction to the Theory, Patterson, James, Bailey, I	Bernard C.Springer
2.	Magnetic	Materials: Fundamentals And Applications by Nicola A. Spaldin	n, Cambridge
	Universit	ty Press, 2nd Edition, (2018)	
Relate	ed Online	Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]	
1	NPTEL:	Material Science	
	https://np	otel.ac.in/courses/112/108/112108150/	
2	A	Magnetic Properties	
	https://w	ww.youtube.com/watch?v=QQZ6EGf0Ju8	

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2
Weightage	15	15	15	15	10
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	3	3	2

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

# SEMESTER I Generic elective(Choose AorB)

Generic Elect	Generic Elective II (A) – Introductory Biology			RST	SEN	<b>IEST</b>	ER	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Introductory Biology	Core				3	6	75

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge with concepts of Biology
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:  Learn the morphology process, metabolism and about different enzyme role energy production
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to CO1: Acquire the knowledge of the cell biology and application. CO2: Explain the role of cell organelles, metabolism, and bioenergetics. CO3: Understand the about the morphology, structure, of DNA, RNA and different types of nucleic acid.
	CO4: Gain the knowledge about of glucose, and fatty acid metabolism.  CO5: Evaluate and compare of the different enzyme role energyproduction.

	Units
I	CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS
	Definitions, Types, Eukaryotic and Prokaryotic cells, Principle of membrane
	organization, Cytoskeletal proteins, Types of cell division, Mitosis and Meiosis.
II	PROTEINS
	Structure and functions of proteins, Amino acids and peptides, Proteins-Primary
	Secondary, Tertiary, and Quaternary structures, Protein folding, hemoglobin and
	myoglobin.
III	<u>ENZYMES</u>
	Mechanism of actions, Enzyme kinetics, Regulation of activities, Bioenergetics, Role
	of ATP, Biological oxidation, Respiratory chain and oxidative phosphorylation
IV	<u>METABOLISOM</u>
	Overview of metabolism and catabolism, Carbohydrates, Glycolysis, Lipids of
	physiological significance, Cholesterol, Synthesis, Transport and Excretion,
	Glycoproteins, Biooxidation, Fatty acid synthesis, Phospholipids.
V	NUCLEIC ACIDS
	Structure, functions and replications of information macromolecules. Metabolis of
	purines and pyrimidine nucleotides. Organization, replication and repair of DNA.
	RNA andprotein synthesis.
Recommen	1. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Cox and Nelson,
ded Texts	VEdn,2008 2. L. Stryer, Biochemistry, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edn., 1995
	3. Haper's Illustrated Biochemistry, R.K, Murray, D.K. Granner and V.W.Rodwell, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
C03	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1



Generic Elect AND HEALT	I YEAR -	- FIF	RST	SEN	<b>MEST</b>	STER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks					
	LABORATORY SAFETY AND HEALTH	Core		þ.		3	6	75					

	1										
Pre	Basic kn	owledge about laboratory									
requisite:											
Learning		ain objectives of this course are to:									
Objectives:		he safety procedures used in the laboratory, safety practices followed									
		in the laborartoty.									
Course	On the	successful completion of the course, student will be able to									
Outcomes											
		nderstand and describe various safety issues and protocols									
		repretation and application of safety protocols and laboratory rules.									
		ferentiate different types of laboratory accidents and safety protocols									
	_	onal protective equipments.									
		valuation and assessment safety regulations, personal protective equipments									
		t aid practices.									
		oply the safety practices in real-time and awareness to the societal									
	needs.										
		Their									
		Units									
I		SAFETY REGULATIONS Standard Laboratory Propositions And Sections Lab Sections									
		Standard Laboratory Procedures, Rules and Regulations. Lab Safety									
**		Practices.									
II		SAFETY REGULATIONS									
-		Employee Information, Safety Plans and Arrangement of Laboratories.									
III		CHEMICAL AND BIOSAFETY									
		Chemicals Handing, MSDS Information, Labelling of The Chemicals,									
***		Disposal Of The Chemical And Biological Wastes									
IV		SAFETY EQUIPMENTS									
		Various Safety Equipments, Personal Protective Equipments, User									
***		Manuals, Arrangements, Training.									
V		FIRST AID									
		First Aid Practices - Cardiac, Chemical Injury, Physical Injury. EmergencyCalls									
		and Procedures. First Aid Kits.									
	1. Introduction To Health And Safety At Work, Elsevier (2015)										
and Onl	line)										
Recomme		1. Environmental Health & Safety Procedure Manual, Harper College									
Text	S	(2001)									

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
SCO4	3	2	3	3	3
rCO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage N	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to POs	3	2	3	3	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 











## SEMESTER-II CORE-IV

	CORE	<b>+</b> 1						
Core IV – In and Nanotecl	troduction to Nanoscience	I YEAR -	- Sec	ond	SE	MEST	ΓER	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology	Core				5	6	75

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge with concepts of materials in the field of nanoscience				
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:				
	To understand fundamental concepts of nanoscience and technology				
	To gain knowledge on size dependent nanoparticles for various properties				
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to				
	CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of nanoscience				
	CO2: Apply the basic concepts of physics, chemistry and biology concepts to understand the advanced concepts of nanoscience				
	CO3: Analyse the influence of size and morphology and other factors on various properties of materials.				
	CO4: Analyze the acquired knowledge and understanding of nanoscience in various field.				
	CO5: Evaluate and assess the theories related to nanoscience for different applications.				

Unit:1	FUNDAMENTALS				
Background to nanoscience – Historical perspectives and Scientific revolutions –					
Definitions and	dClassifications based on dimension: Zero, One, Two and Th	ree - Clusters,			
Quantum dots,	Nanowires,				
Rods and tubes, and thin films; Hard sphere model: Grain and Grain boundary concepts;					
Unit:2	BASIC CONCEPTS				
Top-Down and	Bottom-Up Approaches: Physical - Chemical and Mechan	nical Routes;			
Influence of var	rious parameters on morphology of crystallites - Nanocomp	osites: Metal and			
Metal Oxides;	Metal				

Oxide - Metal Oxide; Nano in Nature: Gecko Effect, Lotus leaf effect, Superhydrophobicity, Self-Cleaning and Antifogging – Colored Glasses and Dichroism. UNIQUE PROPERTIES Unit:3 Quantum Confinement Effects: Influence of grain size and morphology - Physical properties with Uniqueness compared to bulk and microscopic solids: Optical – Surface Plasmon Resonance, Band Gap Widening, Magnetic – Superparamagnetism, Thermal – Melting point depression. Unit:4 ADVANCED NANOSTRUCTURED **MATERIALS** Allotropes of carbon: Graphene, CNT, C-dots, Fullerenes – Inorganic: Organic hybrids – Ferrofluids-Zeolites- Core-shells – Nanostructures of Zinc Oxide: tetrapods, rings, springs, belt, rods, wires -Additive Manufacturing of 3D Nanoarchitected Metals – Nanorobots Unit:5 **ROAD MAP** Miniaturization of electronic materials and devices - Lithography techniques -Scaling issues – batch fabrication and circuit integration – MEMS and NEMS – Current and future challenges Text Book(s) Solid State Physics, S.O. Pillai, 4th Ed, New Age International Publishers (2001). Introduction To Solid-State Physics, C. Kittel, Wiley (1986). Magnetism: Principles and Applications, D. Craik, Wiley (1995). Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology, Edited by Bharat Bhushan, Springer (2006) Reference Book(s) NANO: The Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep, 1. McGraw Hill (2017) Magnetic Materials: Fundamentals and Applications by Nicola A. Spaldin, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, (2018)

Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]

NPTEL: Introduction to Nanomaterials

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118/104/118104008/

2 NPTEL: Nanostructuresd Materials

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118/102/118102003/

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

# SEMESTER-II

### **CORE-V**

Core V - Pro	Core V – Preparation of Nanomaterials			I YEAR – Second SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks		
	Preparation of Nanomaterials	Core				5	6	75		

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge with concepts of materials in the field of nanoscience					
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:					
Objectives:	Understand preparation procedures also the various factors that affects the size and					
	morphology of crystallites.					
	Gain knowledge on current status, future trends and scope for research in					
	preparing the nanomaterials					
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to					
	CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts in materials preparation with various Morphologies					
	CO2: Apply the gained subject knowledge towards understanding the mechanisms involved in physical, chemical and mechanical routes.					
	CO3: Evaluate and understand the role of preparation method towards grain with narrow distribution and desired morphology.					
	CO4: Analyze the acquired knowledge and understanding of preparing the nanomaterials for various application					
	CO5: Analyze the acquired knowledge and understanding on effect of grain morphology and its needs for technological advancements					

Unit:1	BASICS IN MATERIALS PREPARATION									
Types of matte	Types of matter – Crystalline and Amorphous solids – Alloys – composites - compounds -									
Grain –Grain C	Growth-Grain boundary volume ratio —Temperature effects -	- Grain boundary								
segregation and	lpinning – Aggregation- Dimensional Classifications.									
Unit:2	PHYSICAL ROUTES									

High energy ball mill - Inert gas condensation Role of inert gases - Post oxidation process – Sputtering processes – Laser ablation - Pulsed laser deposition – Rapid solidification – Arc discharge method- photolysis – radiolysis - Fabrication of nanostructures and microfabrication using wet and dry etching-Lithography.

#### Unit:3 CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL METHODS

Polyol route – Colloidal precipitation – Sol-Gel process– Chemical precipitation: Normal and Reverse reactions- Role of surfactant – Hydrolysis: Reaction kinetics – Hydrothermal – Solvothermal – Sonochemical – Template route: DC and Pulsed electrodeposition and Electroless deposition – Combustion route – Biological Methods: synthesis of nanomaterials using bacteria, fungi, yeast and Actinomycetes – magnetotactic bacteria for natural synthesis – role of plants in NPs synthesis and

Phytoremediation

#### Unit:4 SPECIALIZED TECHNIQUES

Electrophoretic deposition – Chemical Vapour deposition: Wet and Dry oxidation process – Dip andSpin coating process – Successive ionic layer adsorption and reaction (SILAR) – Spray and Flame spray pyrolysis - Self assembly.

#### Unit:5 IMPORTANCE OF MORPHOLOGY

Crystallites With Various Morphologies – Polymorphs – Surface Aspect Ratio – Grain size distributions – Surface area – Current Status and Forecast for The Future Trends

#### Text Book(s)

- Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology- Ed. by B. Bhushan, Springer-Verlag (2004)
- Vacuum Technology, A. Roth, North-Holland Pub., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (1982)
- The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, C.N.R. Rao, A.Muller, A. K. Cheetham (Eds), Wiley-VCH Verlag (2004)
- B.S. Murty and S. Ranganathan, International Materials Reviews (1998) Vol. 43(3), 101

#### Reference Book(s)

- 1. Nanoparticles And Nanostructured Films Preparation, Characterization And Applications, Janos H. Fendler (Ed) Wiley (1998)
- 2. H. Gleiter, Progress In Materials Science, Vol.33, p.223 (1989)

#### Related Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]

- NPTEL: Nanotechnology, Science and Applications
  - https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/106/113106093/
- 2 YOUTUBE: Introduction to Nanomaterials https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qUEbxTkPIWI

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium – 2, Low - 1 Mapping with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2
Weightage	15	15	15	15	10
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	3	3	2

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

#### **SEMESTER-II**

# **CORE-VI**

Core Pape	r VI - Nanoscience Practical II	I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name		Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanoscience Practical II		Core				4	6	50 +50

Pre requisite:	Fundamental and theoretical knowledge on preparation								
	techniques								
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:								
	<ol> <li>Acquire practical skills in the use of instruments, technologies andmethods to fabricate nanomaterials and their characterization</li> <li>Apply the practical knowledge in understanding the structural ofthe materials</li> <li>Provides opportunities to synthesize the materials using differentapproaches</li> <li>Master the technical skills in handling lab equipments, characterizing the acquired data and analyze using appropriate tool</li> <li>Understand the role of environmental conditions on the preparation of nanomaterials</li> <li>the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:</li> <li>Synthesis nanomaterials by different methods.</li> </ol>								
Course Outcome	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:  CO1: Synthesis nanomaterials by different methods.  CO2: Synthesis thin films using different techniques  CO3: Synthesis various nanocomposites  CO4: Characterize structurally the nanoparticles prepared and analysis their size and lattice parameters  CO5: Characterize the nanomaterials prepared electrically and optically.								

	3
Practical-II	Synthesis and band gap determination of Biomolecules and
	Biomaterials
	(Any five experiments)
	1. Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles by Chemical Reduction Method
	and their UV-VIS Absorption Studies.
	2. Synthesis of Gold Nanoparticles by Chemical Reduction Method
	and their UV-VIS Absorption Studies.
	3. Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles by Polyol Method and their
	UV-VIS Absorption Studies.
	4. Synthesis of zinc oxide Nanoparticles by sol-gel method and
	characterize using UV-VIS Absorption Studies.
	5. Synthesis of silver nanoparticles by using plant extract and UV vis
	absorption studies
	6. Synthesis of silver nanoparticles using bacteria and their
	UV visabsorption studies
	7. Study of chemical kinetics using UV- vis absorbtion spectroscopy
	and extrapolate it using Tauc plot.
Reading List(Print	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and Online)	Saunders College, Publishing, VII Ed, (1996).
	2. Text Book Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – A.I. Vogel, Elbs,
	IVEd., (1985).
1 100	3. Physical Chemistry, A. Alberty And R.J. Silbey
mmendedTexts	1. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity – J.E.
\	Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, IVEd.
	2. Physical Chemistry, Atkins
	3. Text Book Of Quantitative Chemical Analysis – A.I. Vogel, VI
	Ed, Pearson Education Ltd, 2001

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

# SEMESTER II Discipline Centric Elective Course-1II

<b>Discipline cent Techniques of</b>	I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Characterization Techniques of Nanomaterials –I	Core				3	4	75

Pre requisite:	Basic knowledge with concepts of nanostructured materials
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to: Understand the purpose of characterization techniques adopted to study the properties of the given nanomaterials
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to  CO1: Explore the properties of nanomaterials for the particular applications  CO2: Understand the principles of characterization techniques  And study the properties of nanomaterials  CO3: Explain the instrumentation involved in the characterization
	technique  CO4: Identify the suitability of the characterization for the particularmaterial.  CO5: Analyse the interpretation of the results obtained from the characterization techniques.

	Units
I	Unit I Introduction to spectroscopy  Basic principles and applications of UV-Vis-NIR, Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy ,Photoluminescence, Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy.
II	Unit II X – ray techniques  X-ray powder diffraction –Quantitative determination of phases- single crystal diffraction techniques - Determination of accurate lattice parameters
	- structure analysis-profile analysis – particle size analysis using Scherer formula- Particle Size Analyzer.

	27
III	Unit III Electron Spectroscopy
	X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy, Auger Electron Spectroscopy, X-Ray
	Characterization of Nanomaterials – Electron energy loss
	spectroscopy(EELS)- Energy dispersive X-ray analysis(EDAX) and Swear
	debris analysis(WDA).
IV	Unit IV Mechanical properties measurement
	Nanoindentation principles- elastic and plastic deformation -mechanical
	properties of materials in small dimensions- Nanoindentation load-
	displacement curves - MD simulation of nanoindentation- Hardness testing
	of thin films and coatings
V	Unit IV Magnetic and electrical properties measurement
	Vibration Sample Magnetometer, Impedance Spectroscopy- PPMS, -
	Measurement of Magnetic and electrical properties of nanomaterials.
Reading List(Print	
and Online)	dl.iranchembook.ir > ebook > organic-chemistry-2753
	2. An Introduction to Surface Analysis by XPS and AES   Wiley
	onlinelibrary.wiley.com > doi > book
	3. EPMA - electron probe microanalysis
	www.ems.psu.edu > harbin > EPMA.ppt.pdf
	4. Physical Property Measurement System
	www.mrl.ucsb.edu > instruments > hcapPPMS
Recommended	References:
Texts	1. Elements of X-ray Diffraction B. D. Cullity, Addison Wesley, 1977
	2. Transmission Electron Microscopy: A Textbook for Materials
	Science
	David B Williams, C Barry Carter, (1996) Plenum Press, New York
	3. Impedance Spectroscopy: Theory, Experiment, and Applications,
	E. Barsoukov and J. Ross Macdonald (Editors) (2000) John Wiley &
	Sons (P)Ltd.
	4. Fundamentals of Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy,
	Brian C Smith, (1995) CRC Press
	<b>5.</b> Nanoindentation, By Anthony C Fischercripps, Anthony C.
	Springerscience and Bussiness media publications, 2011
	6. Nanomaterials, Nanotechnologies and Design: An Introduction for
	Engineers, Daniel L. Schodek, Paulo Ferreira, Michael F. Ashby, Elsevier
	2009.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1



# SEMESTER-II Generic Elective course-IV

Generic Elective IV (A) – Nanobiotechnology			I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks	
	Nanobiotechnology	Core				3	4	75	

Pre	Basic knowledge with concepts of biomaterials
requisite:	
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:
Objectives:	1. Acquire the knowledge of the cell biology and application.
	2. Explain the role of cell organelles, metabolism, andbioenergetics.
	3. Understand about the morphology, structure, of DNA,RNA and different types
	of nucleic acid.
	4. Gain the knowledge about of glucose, and fatty acidmetabolism.
Course	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
Outcomes	on an successful compression of the country, state of the co
	CO1: Understand the basics of bioinspired strategies for the fabrication of
	Implants
	CO2: Analyse the importance of bioactive nanomaterials in bone grafting and tissue
	engineering
	CO3: Recognize the significance of Biomolecules in the fabrication of
	Nanostructures
	- Managar 40-142-15
	CO4: Study the applications of Polymer nanofibers in Tissue engineering and its merits
	and demerits.
	and demonds.
	CO5: Understand the overall basics of biomolecules and its application in Nano
	biotechnology
	bioteciniology
	•

Units	
	Bio-mineralised Inorganic Nanomaterials – Nanostructures and Dynamicsof Biocompatible surfactant monolayers and bilayers – Bio-interface, Bioconjugation, Bio-matrix based on bioinspired phospholipids polymers.
	Self-assembly of ionic-complementary peptides and their applications in nano- biotechnology —from nanocluster assays to optical biochips for nano- biotechnology —bioactive nanomaterials in bone grafting and tissue engineering- inorganic /polymer nano composites for dental restoration and bone replacement applications.
	DNA based artificial nanostructures: fabrication, properties and applications – Nucleic acid engineered nanomaterials and theirapplications-RNA, DNA
	Protein patterning for applications in biomaterials and biodevices. Polymers nanofibers and their applications in bioengineering – functional polymers for bone tissue engineering applications – applications of nanotechnology in tissue engineering
	Vesicles and liposomes in sensor technology –Self-assembling nanostructured injectable polymeric gels for drug delivery - Engineering surface erodable polyanhydrides with tailored microstructure for controlled drug and protein delivery
Reading List(Pr intand Online)	https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com http://www.routledgehandbooks.co
mended Texts	<ol> <li>Challa S.S.R. Kumar (Ed) Biological and pharmaceutical nanomaterials: Wiley – VCH Verlag GmbH&amp; Co, KgaA.</li> <li>Ninmeyer C.M, Mirkin C.A (Eds) 2005. Nanobiotechnology</li> <li>H.S. Nalwa (Ed) Handbook of Nanostructured Bioaterials and their applications in Nanobiotechnology, American Scientific Publishers.2005</li> </ol>

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 

# SEMESTER-II Generic Elective course-IV

Generic Elec NANOTOXIO	I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	INTRODUCTION TO NANOTOXICOLOGY	Core				3	4	75

Pre	Fundamentals knowledge in biological cell and tissues and also the basic
requisite:	knowledge
	in materials.
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:
Objectives:	Learn the basics of nanotoxiology and relate it to various application.
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
	CO1: Understand the basic of Toxoicology and Nano science and differentiate
	between nanomaterials and bulk materials
	CO2 Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and practical aspects of
	Nanomaterials application
	CO3: Critically assess and outline the nanoscience related to nanotoxicology.
	CO4 Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials and its significance in
	toxicology
	CO5: Analyse the overall basics of nanotoxilogy and its application in various
	field.

Units	
I	AREAS OF TOXICOLOGY
	Introduction- definition of terms- areas of Toxicology- Toxicant- Types of
	Toxic hazardous materials- Physical Hazard, Chemical hazard, Biological
	Hazard, Toxic metabolites, Assessment of Risk- Risk assessment of
	Nanoparticles and
	Human Health.
II	NANOMATERIALS
	Nanoparticles in the Environment- Nanomaterials in the atmosphere.
	Particle Characterization, Types of Transport, Routes of Exposure,
	Deposition mechanism, Potential mechanism of Nanosize particle toxicity,
	Passage through biological Membranes, toxic kinetics.
III	NANOPOLLUTION
	Nanomaterials in environment, Source of pollution, Transport
	throughenvironment.
IV	NANOMATERIAL EXPOSURE MEASUREMENT
	Nano sized materials exposure to human, Measurement methods,
	Thresholdvalues-permissible limits.
V	PORTALS OF NANOMATERIALS ENTRY
	Types of portals entry, Target tissue, Routes of entry of nano pollutants,
	Absorption, Distribution mechanism on target tissue.
Reading List(Print	https://www.intechopen.com/books/toxicology-new-aspects
and Online)	and the state of t
Recommended	1. Nanotechnology: Health and Environmental Risks, Jo Anne
Texts	Shatkin, CRC Press, 2008  2. Nanotechnology: Environmental Health and Safety, Risks,
	Regulation and Management, Matthew Hull and Diana Bowman, Elsevier,
	2010  Deinciples and Mathods of Toyloology, Edited by A.W. Hoyes, Toylor
	Principles and Methods of Toxicology. Edited by A.W. Hayes. Taylor and Francis, 2008.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

# SEMESTER II Skill enhancement Course – I

Skill enhance METHODOI	I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	Core				2	4	75

D									
Pre	Basic knowledge in doing project and research								
requisite:	The main alientiness of this assume to								
Learning	The main objectives of this course are to:								
Objectives:	1. Learn the formulation of research aims and objectives in anappropriate								
	manner and to framing good research hypothesis.								
	<ul><li>2. Inculcate knowledge of scientific methodology in analysing researchdata.</li><li>3. Impart the knowledge of sampling techniques and record scientific datain a proper</li></ul>								
	way.								
Course	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to								
Outcomes									
	CO1: Understand the aims and objectives research and formulate a research workplan in								
	a scientific manner								
	CO2 Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and practical aspects of Research								
	CO3: Generate good research hypothesis, design appropriate experiments, collect and								
	interpret the data to validate their experiments.								
	CO4 Generate good research hypothesis, design appropriate experiments, collect and								
	interpret the data to validate their experiments.								
	CO5: Obtain and evaluate information from a variety of databases and Communicate								
	effectively in a variety of forms like research publications, patents.								

# I Foundations of Research:

Meaning, Objectives, Motivation, Utility. Concept of theory, Characteristics of scientific method – Understanding the language of research – Concept, Construct, Definition, Variable. Research Process

Research Question – Measurement Issues – Hypothesis – Qualities of a good Hypothesis –Null Hypothesis & Alternative Hypothesis. Hypothesis Testing – Logic & Importance.

#### II Research Design:

Concept and Importance in Research – Features of a good research design concept, types and uses, Descriptive Research Designs – concept, types and uses. Experimental Design: Concept of Independent & Dependent variables. Qualitative and Quantitative Research: Qualitative research – Quantitative research – Merging the two approaches. Measurement: Concept of measurement— what ismeasuredProblems in measurement in research – Validity and Reliability- Levels of measurement

#### III Sampling and data analysis:

Characteristics of a good sample. Probability Sample – Simple Random Sample, Systematic Sample- Determining size of the sample – Practical considerations in sampling and sample size.

Data Analysis: Data Preparation – Univariate analysis (frequency tables, bar charts, pie charts, percentages), Bivariate analysis – Cross tabulations and Chisquare test including testing hypothesis of association.

#### IV Interpretation of Data and Paper Writing:

Layout of a Research Paper, Impact factor of Journals, When and where to publish? Ethical issues related to publishing, Plagiarism and Self-Plagiarism. Forms and types of scientific reports. Steps involved in scientific article writing. Publication process, selection of journals- Dissertation/Thesis writing: format, content and chapterization. Bibliography and references, referencing styles. Appendices.

#### V Use of tools / techniques for Research: :

Reference Management -Software like Zotero/Mendeley, Software for paper formatting like LaTeX/MSOffice, Software for detection of Plagiarism.

#### Recommended Texts

- 1. Business Research Methods Donald Cooper & Pamela Schindler, TMGH, 9th edition
- 2. Business Research Methods Alan Bryman & Emma Bell, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Research Methodology C.R.Kothari, New Age International, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. Kumar, R. Research Methodology—A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners; 2nd Ed., Pearson Education: New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. Montgomery, D. C. Design & Analysis of Experiments; 8th Ed., Wiley India: Noida, 2013.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3,  $\overline{\text{Medium} - 2, \text{Low} - 1}$ 









#### 41 **SEMESTER-III**

Core Paper	II YEAR	- TH	IIRI	SE	MES	ΓER		
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanoelectronics and Nano sensors	Core				5	5	75

#### **Pre Requisites**

Basics of electronics, electronic devices and basic ideas on sensors.

#### **Learning Objectives**

The main objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Learning New Perspective in Nanoelectronics
- 2. Explaining the size and shape enabled properties of nanomaterials
- 3. Understanding the functioning of various electronic devices.
- 4. Understanding and assessment of electronic properties for sensordevelopment and application.
- 5. Compare and evaluate the nano enabled electronic properties fordevelopment of smart devices.
- 6. Conceptualization of nanoscale electronic phenomena for societal applications

#### Course outcome

On the successful completion of the course the students will be able to:

- CO1: Describe the principles of nanosensors.
- CO2: Analyze the different types of nanodevices for applications.
- CO3: Discuss about electronic and photonic materials.
- CO4: Describe about the basics of nanosensors
- CO5: Relate the application of nanosensors.

	Units
I	BASIC CONCEPT OF NANOELECTRONICS
	New Perspectives- New Ohm's Law- Density of states- Fermic Function- Types of
	Conductance- Ballastic
	Conductance- Resistance: Ballistic to Diffusive- Nanotransistors
II	SEMICONDUCTOR NANODEVICES
	Nano Scale MOSFET - Single-Electron Transistors; Nanorobotics and Nanomanipulation;
	Molecular Nanowires-Organic LED, Organic FETs-CNT And Graphene FET, Si NW FET.
III	ELECTRONIC AND PHOTONIC MATERIALS
	Single Electron Tunnelling Phenomena- Coulomb Blockad - RSD and Resonant Tunnelling
	Transistor- Quantum Structures Based LEDs - OLED and Photo Detectors-
	Magnetic Quantum Dots and Their Applications.
	Magnetic Quantum Dots and Then Applications.
IV	NANOSENSORS BASICS
1 4	Micro and Nano - Sensors, Fundamentals of Sensors, Biosensor, MEMS And NEMS,
	Packaging and Characterization of Sensors, Method of Packaging At Zero Level, Dye Level
	And First Level, Temperature Sensors, Heat Sensors.
	and that he ver, temperature bensors, their bensors.

V	NANOSENSORS
	Electromagnetic Sensors, Electrical Current Sensors, Electrical Voltage Sensors, Electrical Power
	Sensors, Magnetism Sensors - Mechanical Sensors - Pressure Sensors, Gas and Liquid Flow
	Sensors, Position Sensors - Chemical Sensors - Gas Sensor,
	Bio Sensors - DNA Based Biosensors
Recomn	1.Introduction To Molecular Electronics, M.C. Pettey
ended	2. The Physics And Chemistry Of Nanosolids, Frank J. Owens AndCharles P. Poole Jr.,
Texts	Wiley Interscience (2006)
	3. Nanotechnology Enabled Sensors, Kouroush Kalantar – Zadeh, Benjamin
	Fry, Springer (2007)

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

#### 43 **SEMESTER III**

<b>Core Paper VIII - Properties Of Nanomaterials</b>	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Properties of Nanomaterials	Core				5	5	75

#### Pre requisite:

Basics of atom model, basics of electrical and magnetic materials

#### Learning objectives:

- 1.To Understand the various properties of nanomaterials such as electrical, magnetical, optical mechanical and thermal properties.
- 2. To understand the characterized property related to the nanomaterials,

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

CO1	Analyse the electrical and magnetic properties of nanostructured materials
CO2	Relate the physical properties of nanostructred materials.
CO3	Describe various magnetic properties of materials.
CO4	Distinguish various characterization techniques involved in nanomaerials.
CO5	Demonstrate the skills required for the characterizing the nanomaterial.

#### Unit:1 Electrical and Dielectric properties

Electrical: Temperature Coefficient of Resistance–Resistivity–Arrhenius Relation–Activation

Energy; Dielectrics: Types of Polarization–Dielectric Constant–Dielectric Loss–Dielectric

Breakdown–Double Schottky potential Barrier Height Model.

Unit:2	Magnetic Properties
Omt.4	Magnetic I Tobel ties

Origin of Magnetism in material - Classification - Magnetic Moment - Magnetic Hysteresis

Magnetostriction – Curie Transition – Neel Temperature –Giant and Colossal Magnetoresistance–

Superparamagnetism–Magnetic phenomena at Nanoscale.

Unit:3	Optical Properties	

Optical phenomena in Materials—Surface Plasmon Resonance—Bandgap tailoring—Burstein — Moss Effect — Direct and Indirect Transitions — Effective Mass Approximation Theory — Kubelka — Munk function — isobestic effect — Hyper, Hypso, Batho and Hypochromic effects —Fluorescence: Stoke shift.

Unit:4	Mechanical Properties	
Mechanical: Modes	of deformation - Elastic and plastic deformation - Cor	mpressive
strength-Mechanical	stiffness-Fracture-Toughness-Superplasticity-Hardness	ss-Micro-
hardness–Fracture–T	oughness –Indentation –Hall-petch Relation.	
Unit:5	Thermal Properties	

Thermal: Thermal conductivity—Expansion—Stress—Specific Heat Capacity—Glass Transition Temperatures—Melting-point Depression.

Text Bool	
1	Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology- Ed. by B. Bhushan, Springer-Verlag (2004)
2	Magnetic Materials: Fundamentals and Applications by Nicola A. Spaldin, Cambridge
	University Press, 2nd Edition, (2018)
3	The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, C.N.R. Rao, A.Muller, A. K. Cheetham (Eds), Wiley-VCH Verlag (2004)
4	Dan Guo et al, Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics (2018) Vol. 47, 013001
Reference	e Book(s)
1.	
	Impedance Spectroscopy: Theory, Experiment, and Applications, E Barsoukov and
	JRoss MacdonaldWiley (2018)
2.	H. Gleiter, Progress In Materials Science, Vol.33, p.223 (1989)
Related C	Online Contents [MOOC, SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.]
1	NPTEL: Defect Structure & Mechanical Behaviour of Nanomaterials
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bwZW96c743A
2	YOUTUBE: Introduction to Nanomaterials
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qUEbxTkPIWI

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low -1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 

#### **SEMESTER-III**

<b>Core Paper IX - CHARACTERIZATION</b>
TECHNIQUES OFNANOMATERIALS-II

**II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER** 

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES OF NANOMATERIALS-II	Core				5	5	75

#### Pre requisite:

The student should have the fundamental knowledge in lattice parmeters and microscopic techniques and basic understanding in properties of materials.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Visualize the nanomaterials to understand the morphology
- 2. Understand nanostructure of materials
- 3. Understand the microstructure of materials
- 4. Reveal the thermal behavior of the nanomaterials
- 5. Studying bio-materials using proper tools

#### Course Outcome

On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

- CO1: Describe the purpose of characterization for the given materials
- CO2:Explore the properties of nanomaterials for the particular applications
- CO3:Understand the instrumentation involved in the characterization technique.
- CO4: Understand the suitability of the characterization for the particular material.
- CO5:Relate the interpretation of the results obtained from the characterization

#### Units

#### I Unit I Morphological studies

Principles, Overview of Instrumentation and Sample preparation, Experimental techniques adopted in: Scanning Electron Microscopy: SEM -Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) – HRTEM- Nanomanipulator- Nanotweezers

#### II Unit II Materials defects studies

Scanning Tunnelling Microscopy (STM), Atomic Force MicroscopyAFM)-Non-contact-contact-Tapping- conducting mode-. Near Field Scanning Optical Microscopy; Scanning capacitance Microscopy- Magnetic Force Microscopes MFM)- Chemical Force Microscope (CFM).

#### III Unit III Microscopic characterization

Optical microscopes- Use of polarized light microscopy – Phase contrast microscopy – Interference Microscopy – hot stage microscopy - surface morphology – Etch pit density and hardness measurements- Confocal Microsocopes.

#### IV Unit IV Thermal analysis

Principle and Instrumentation of Thermogravimetry; Differential Thermal Analysis and Differential scanning calorimetry-Importance of thermal analysis for nanostructures.

#### V Unit V Bio-materials characterization

New Advances and challenges in biological and biomedical materials characterizations- Dynamic light scattering spectroscopy. Confocal Microscopes - Confocal Raman – Application in Nanobiotechnology. Fluorescence Microscope

#### Related Online Contents

<u>www.technologynetworks.com</u> > sem-vs-tem-331262 onlinelibrary.wiley.com > abs > 9780470022184.hmm319www.umassmed.edu > maps > confocal-explanation

#### Text book and References:

- 1. Nanotechnology: basic science and emerging technologies-Mick Ailson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons, Burkhard Raguse, Overseas Press (2005)
- 2. Nanocomposite science and technology, Pulickel M.Ajayan, Linda S.Schadler, Paul V.Braun, Wiley-VCH Verlag, Weiheim (2003).
- 3. 'Advanced X-ray Techniques in Research and Industries' by A.K.Singh (ed.)
- 4. 'Transmission Electron Microscopy of Materials' by G. Thomas
- 5. Physical Principles of Microscopy: An introduction to TEM, SEM and AFM by R.F.Egerton
- 6. 'Instrumental Methods of Analysis (7<sup>th</sup>edn.)' by Willard, Merritt, dean and Settle
- 7. Scanning Electron Microscopy and X-ray Microanalysis' by J.Goldstein
- 8. S.L. Flegler, J.W. Heckman and K.L. Klomparens, "Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy: An Introduction", WH Freeman & Co, 1993.
- 9. P.J.Goodhew, J.Humphreys, R.Beanland, "Electron Microscopy and Analysis",
- 10. R.Haynes, D.P.Woodruff and T.A.Talchar, "Optical Microscopy of Materials", Cambridge University press, 1986.
- 11. R.M.Rose, L.A.Shepard and J.Wulff, "The Structure and Properties of Materials", Wiley Eastern Ltd,

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low -1

Core Paper X - Nanoscience Practical III	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanoscience Practical III	Core				4	6	50 +50

Pre requisite:	Fundamental and theoretical knowledge on preparation and					
	characterization techniques					
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:					
	<ul> <li>6. Acquire practical skills in the use of instruments, technologies andmethods to fabricate nanomaterials and their characterization</li> <li>7. Apply the practical knowledge in understanding the structural ofthe materials</li> <li>8. Provides opportunities to synthesize the materials using differentapproaches</li> <li>9. Master the technical skills in handling lab equipments, characterizing the acquired data and analyze using appropriate tool</li> <li>10. Understand the role of environmental conditionson thepreparation of nanomaterials</li> </ul>					
Course Outcome	On the averageful completion of the course student will be the to					
Course Outcome	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:  CO1: To synthesis nanomaterials by different methods.  CO2: To synthesis thin films using different techniques  CO3: To synthesis various nanocomposites  CO4: To characterize structurally the nanoparticles prepared and analysis their size and lattice parameters  CO5: To characterize the nanomaterials prepared electrically and optically.					

Synthesis of Nanostructured materials	
<ol> <li>Preparation of Nanoparticles by Sol-Gel Method.</li> <li>Synthesis of Nanoparticles by co-precipitation method</li> <li>Nanostructured thin film preparation by dip coating technique.</li> <li>Synthesis of nanoparticles using domestic microwave oven.</li> <li>Preparation of Nanocomposites by solvothermal method.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Preparation of Nanoparticles by Sol-Gel Method.</li> <li>Synthesis of Nanoparticles by co-precipitation method</li> <li>Nanostructured thin film preparation by dip coating technique.</li> <li>Synthesis of nanoparticles using domestic microwave oven.</li> <li>Preparation of Nanocomposites by solvothermal</li> </ol>

Characterization of Nanomaterials
<ol> <li>X-Ray powder diffraction pattern analysis and lattice parameters determination of nanoparticles.</li> <li>Impedance measurement and analysis using Cole-Cole plot method</li> <li>Dielectric constant measurement at various temperatures with various frequencies.</li> <li>Band gap studies of Metal oxide semiconductors using UV-Vis Spectroscopy</li> <li>DC conductivity measurements of nanoparticles at</li> </ol>
various temperatures  1. Fundamentals Of Analytical Chemistry - Skoog, West and
<ol> <li>Holler, Saunders College, Publishing, VII Ed, (1996).</li> <li>Text Book Of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – A.I. Vogel, Elbs, IVEd., (1985).</li> <li>Physical Chemistry, .A. Alberty And R.J. Silbey</li> </ol>

RecommendedTexts	1.Inorganic Chemistry: Principles Of Structure And Reactivity –
	J.E.Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, IVEd.
	2.Physical Chemistry, Atkin
	3.Text Book Of Quantitative Chemical Analysis – A.I. Vogel, VI
	Ed,Pearson Education Ltd, 2001

Lab M	anuals
1	Das, S. and Saha, R. 2020. Microbiology Practical Manual. CBS Publishers and Distributors (P) Ltd., New Delhi, India.
2	Arora, B. and Arora, D.R. 2009. Practical Microbiology. 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed. CBSPublishers and Distributors (P) Ltd., New Delhi, India.
3	Jha, D. K. Laboratory Manual on Plant Pathology. 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed. Pointer Publishers, Jaipur, India.
4	Chmielewski, J. G. and Krayesky, D. 2013. General Botanylaboratory Manual. AuthorHouse, Bloomington, USA.
5	Jha, D. K. 2018. Laboratory Manual on Plant Pathology (English). Pointer Publishers, Jaipur.
6	McMahon, K., Levetin, E. and Reinsvold, R. 2001. Laboratory Manual for Applied Botany.  McGraw-Hill Education, New York, USA.
7	Bendre, A. M. 2010. A Text Book Of Practical Botany – 1. Rastogi Publications, Meerut, India.
8	Sivakumar, K. 2016. Algae- A Practical Approach. MJP Publishers, Chennai, India.
9	Gupta, V.K., Tuohy, M.G., Ayyachamy, M., Turner, K.M. and O'Donovan, A. 2013.Laboratory Protocols in Fungal Biology: Current Methods in Fungal Biology. Springer, London, UK.
10	Garg, N., Garg, K. L. and Mukerji, K. G. 2010. Laboratory Manual of Food Microbiology.  IK International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

Mapping with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

# Elective course – V (Choose Anyone)

Elective V (A): Advanced	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
Nanomaterials for Nanotechnology	

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Advanced Nanomaterials for Nanotechnology	Elective				3	5	75

Pre requisite:	The student should have the fundamental knowledge in nanomaterials used in the field of nanotechnology like magnetic, electric nanomaterials sensors and medical devices				
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:				
	1. Know about magnetism and its properties				
	2. Gain knowledge in thermoelectric materials				
	3. Understand the properties of polymeric nanoparticles				
	4. Create knowledge in application of nanomaterials				
	5. Gain theoretical knowledge in the development of biosensors and				
	their uses in medical field.				
\					
Course Outcome					
	CO1: Understand the properties of nanostructured magnetism				
	CO2:Development of knowledge about magnetosomes.				
	CO3: Learn about working and types of biosensors				
	CO4: Applications of various nanomaterials in medical field				
	CO5:Demonstrate the pharmaceutically important nanomaterials as				
	therapeutic agents				

	Units
	Cints
I	Nanostructured Magnetism: Nanostructure magnetism, Effect Bulk nanostructuring of magnetic property, Giant and colossal magnetic resistance, Nanomagnetic materials, Paramagnetism in metallic nanoparticles.
II	Thermoelectric Materials: Concept of phonon, Thermal conductivity specificheat, exothermic and endothermic processes, Different types of thermoelectric materials, One dimensional and composite thermoelectric materials and Applications.
III	Structure Properties of Polymeric Nanomaterials stress-strain behavior of polymer nanomaterials, glass transition temperature and relationship between Tm and Tg. Effect of molecular weight, property requirements and its utilization. Synthetic procedure for commercial polymers, Fire retarding and biomedical polymers.
IV	Nanocomposites  Definition of nanocomposites - Types of nanocomposites - Synthesis of nanocomposites: Direct mixing, solution mixing, In-situ polymerization - Polymer/ Metal oxide nanocomposites, diblock copolymer based nanocomposites, Polymer/CNTs and Polymer/Nanoclay basedcomposites.
V	Nanotechnology for biophotonics The interface of bioscience, nanotechnology and photonics - Semiconductor quantum dots for bioimaging — Metallic nanoparticles and nanorods for Biosensing - Inorganic nanoparticles — Pebble nanosensors for Invitro Bioanalysis - Nanoclinics for optical diagnostics and Targeted therapy
Reading List (Print and online)	. Solid state electronic device, Ben G Streetman, Prentice Hall of IndiaPvt Ltd., New Delhi 1995. Organic Photovoltaics Biophotonics, Optical Science and Engineering for the 21st Century, (Ed.) Xun Shen and Roeland Van Wijk, NANO BIOPHOTONICS: Science and Technology, (Eds) Hiroshi Masuhara, Satoshi Kawata and Fumio Tokunaga, Elsevier (2007). Polymer-Clay Nanocomposites, T.J. Pinnayain, G.W.Beall, Wiley, New York, 2001. Composite Materials, Deborah D.L.Chung, Springer, 2002.

Recommended	References
Texts	1. Semiconductor for solar cells, H J Moller, Artech House Inc, MA, USA, 1993.
	2 Materials, Device Physics and Manufacturing Technologies, (eds. C.
	Brabec, V. Dyakonov, U. Scherf), 2nd Ed., Wiley-VCH, Germany, 2014.
	3. Text Book of Polymer Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr, Wiley.
	4. Polymer Science, V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley-
	Eastern.
	5. Introduction to Biophotonics, Paras N. Prasad, John Wiley and Sons, New
	Jersey, (2003
	6. Nanocomposites - Science and Technology - P. M. Ajayan, L.S. Schadler, P. V.
	Braun, Wiley-VCH, 2004.

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low -1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong  $\overline{-3}$ , Medium -2, Low -1

<b>Elective V (B):</b> Biomaterials and Nanobiotechnology	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
for Tissue Engineering	

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Biomaterials and Nanobiotechnology for Tissue Engineering	Elective				3	5	75

Dra raquisita.	Fundaments of highestorials basics in highestorial cell tissues and				
Pre requisite:	Fundaments of biomaterials, basics in biological cell, tissues and				
	the metabolism of carbohydrates and Proteins and also able to				
	understandthe mechanism of cellular function				
<b>Learning Objectives:</b>	The main objectives of this course are to:				
	Learn the types of biomaterials, biomaterial used in implantandits				
	application in orthopedics and dental-				
	Understand the importance of biomaterials used for cartilage and				
	Vascular implant and its mode of failure-				
Course Outcomes	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to				
	CO1:Understand the basic of Biology and Nano science				
	anddifferentiate between nanomaterials and bulk materials				
	underficientate between nanomaterials and bank materials				
	CO2: Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and				
	practical aspects of Nano materials application				
	practical aspects of Ivalio materials application				
	CO2. Companies the next for stien resulted from the				
	CO3: Comprehending the novel function resulted from the				
	nanoscalestructures using scientific and technological principles in				
	Nano biotechnology				
	CO4:Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for all				
	areas of application				
	CO5: Understand the basics of tissue engineering and its				
	application invitalorgans and mode of bladder implant failure				

Unit	
I	MATERIALS FOR IMPLANT
	Orthopedic implants – material s used – modes of failure – wear debris.
	stress and strain imbalances at the tissue implant interface. Dental: Dental
	materials used – modes of dental implant failure – debris, stress and strain
	imbalances at the tissue implant interface
II	CARTILAGE IMPLANT
	Cartilage materials used – modes of cartilage implant failure –wear debris,
	stress and strain imbalances at the tissue implant interface; Vascular
	materials used – modes of vascular implant failure – wear debris; stress
	and strain imbalances at the tissue implant interface
III	BLADDER IMPLANT
	Bladder overall view, Bladder implant materials used – modes of bladder
	implant failure – stress and strain imbalances at the tissue implant interface
IV	BIOLOGICAL EFFECT OF NANOMATERIALS
	Biological response of Nanomaterials used as implants - biological
	response of implanted materials - desirable and undesirable reactions of
	the body with implanted materials: Protein interactions with implanted
	Materials
V	ADVANTAGE OF NANOMATERIALS
	Advantages of Nanomaterials used as implants - cellular recognition of
	Proteins Adsorbed on material surfaces – adhesion – migration
	differentiation – Cellular Extra cellular Matrix deposition leading to tissue
	regeneration – foreign-body response – inflammatory response

Reading List(Print	https://www.verywellhealth.com/tissue-engineering-4580368					
and Online)	https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/ten.tec.2019.0344					
Recommended	1. William A. Goddard, Sergey Edward Lyshevski, Donald W.					
Texts	Brenner (Ed) Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology					
	CRC press 2003					
	2. Joachim Schummer, Davis Baird (Ed) Nanotechnology					
	Challenges: implications for philosophy, Ethics and society; World					
	scientific; 2006					
	3. William Sims					
	Bainbridge, Mihail C. Roco (Ed) Societal implication of Nanosciences					
	and Nanotechnology;Springer;2001					
	4. Jon J. Kellar (Ed) Functional fillers and nanoscale minerals;					
	new markets/ new horizonsSME science; 2006					
	5. Davis Baird, Alfred Nordmann, Joachim Schummer (Eds)					
	Discovering the nanoscale; IOP press; 2004					

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1 Mapping with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

## Semester III Skill Enhanced course – II

SEC II: Green Manufacturing Technology	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Green Manufacturing Technology	SEC				2	4	75

Pre requisite:	Basics of environmental sciences, social work, waste issues.					
re requisite.	Busies of environmental sciences, social work, waste issues.					
Learning Objectives	<ol> <li>To create awareness in current green practices in manufacturing industry</li> <li>To acquire knowledge in International green manufacturing standard and Process</li> <li>To enlighten the students with knowledge about water pollution and its effects on the environment</li> <li>To introduce the concept of environmental design and industrial ecology.</li> <li>To impart knowledge about green plastics and nanocomposites manufacturing from plants and microbes.</li> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:</li> </ol>					
Course Outcomes	CO1: Identify waste and pollutants  CO2:Recognize the opportunities to improve efficiency.					
	CO3: Understand life cycle impacts and Conserve resources.  CO4: Prevent pollution and improve the quality level.  CO5: Keep a direct control on the quality of the formulation and assuring the compliance of standards					
	Units					
I	GREEN MANUFACTURING TRENDS Green Manufacturing: Fundamentals and Applications - basic definitions and issues surrounding green manufacturing at the process, machine and system government motivations for green manufacturing – traditional manufacturing to green manufacturing -economic issues.					
II	SUSTAINABLE GREEN MANUFACTURING Green Manufacturing processes, requirements and risk, International green manufacturing standards and compliance, Green rapid prototyping and rapid manufacturing, Green flexible automation, Green Collaboration Processes. Sustainable Green Manufacturing System.					

III	WASTE MANAGEMENT
	Sustainability and global conditions, Materials and Solid waste Management, Energy
	Management, Chemical Waste Management, and green chemistry, Water pollutants
	and their effects. Measurement of DO, BOD, COD and Pesticides as water Pollutants.
	Water supply and Waste-water Management
IV	INDUSTRIAL ECOLOGY
	Material flow in Chemical Manufacturing, Industrial Parks, Assessing opportunities
	for waste exchanges and by-product synergies, Regulatory, social and business
	environment for green manufacturing. Green Supply chains. Present state of green
	Manufacturing.
V	GREEN PLASTICS AND NANOCOMPOSITES
	Introduction to commercial plastics and elastomers, Natural Rubber, Modified
	Natural rubber and bends. Plastics from Vegetable oils, cellulose and starch-
	based materials. Nanocomposites: Natural fillers, Fibres and clay
	nanocomposites, biodegradability, life cycle assessment of using natural
	materials
Recommended	1. T. David Allen and David R. Shonnard, Green engineering, Prentice Hall NJ,
Texts	(2002).
	2. David Dornfeld, Green manufacturing fundamental and applications, Prentice hall (2002).
	3. G. Sammy Shinga, Green electronics design and manufacturing, Prince publications (2008).
	4. James clark, Green chemistry, Blackwell publishing (2008).
	5. Paulo Davim, Sustainable Manufacturing, Wiley publications (2010).
	6. Frank Kreith, George Tchobanoglous, Solid waste management, McGraw Hill (2002).
	7. E. S. Stevens, Green plastics, Princeton university press (2002).
	8. U. Robert Ayres, A Handbook of Industrial Ecology, Edward elgar publishing (2002).

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3
Weightage	14	14	13	11	13
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong -3, Medium -2, Low -1

## SEMESTER-IV

Core Paper XI - Biomedical Nanotechnology	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER					

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Biomedical Nanotechnology	Core				4	6	75

Pre requisite:	Fundamental knowledge in biomaterials, Biological Cell, functions of cell.					
Lagraina Objectives	1	To study the basis of Discouranies for implent coating				
<b>Learning Objectives:</b>	1.	To study the basic of Bioceramics for implant coating.				
	2.	To understand about drug delivery and usage.				
	3.	To understand about the pharmacy related biomaterials.				
	4.	To outline the nanotechnology in the area of Drug delivery				

Course Outcomes  On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to  CO 1: Discuss the basic of Biomedical sciences and their usage in different fields.  CO2: Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and practical spects of Nano materials in biomedical application application.  CO3: Summarize the concepts in Biomedical nanomaterials in pharmacy.  CO4: Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for allareas of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING  Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
CO 1: Discuss the basic of Biomedical sciences and their usage in different fields.  CO2: Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and practical spects of Nano materials in biomedical application application.  CO3: Summarize the concepts in Biomedical nanomaterials in pharmacy.  CO4: Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for allareas of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING  Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
different fields.  CO2: Evaluate and critically review the theoretical and practical aspects of Nano materials in biomedical application application.  CO3: Summarize the concepts in Biomedical nanomaterials in pharmacy.  CO4: Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for allareas of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING  Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys	Course O	Utcomes On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to
of Nano materials in biomedical application application.  CO3: Summarize the concepts in Biomedical nanomaterials in pharmacy.  CO4: Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for allareas of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING  Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
CO4: Critically assess and outline the nanotechnology for allareas of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING  Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
of biomedical application  CO5: Demonstrate the new properties of Nano materials for next generation medical needs  Units  BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		CO3: Summarize the concepts in Biomedical nanomaterials in pharmacy.
generation medical needs  Units  I BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
I BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys		
Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys	Units	
	I	BIO CERAMICS FOR IMPLANT COATING
		Calcium phosphate, hydroxy epilates Ti <sub>6</sub> Al <sub>4</sub> V biomedical alloys
- implant tissue interfacing – metal organic CVD – osteoporosis – osteoplastic		- implant tissue interfacing - metal organic CVD - osteoporosis - osteoplastic -

regeneration of bones by using bio compactable ceramics

II	TISSUE ENGINEERING									
	Scaffolds for tissue fabrications – materials for scaffolds – materials for hydrogel scaffolds –									
	scaffolds fabrications technologies - nano-featured and bioactive scaffolds - nano-fiber									
	scaffolds - nanocomposite scaffolds - scaffolds for stem cells - micro and nanopatterned									
	scaffolds - scaffolds and stem cells - fibrous proteins and tissue engineering									
III	DRUG DELIVERY Diagnosis of diseases, treating and preventing of diseases – targeted for drug delivery –									
	ligand coupled nanoparticle features - methods for coupling targeting ligands to									
	nanoparticles - targeting modalities - barriers totumor targeting in vivo - MRI contrast									
	enhancement – Gene delivery									
-										
IV	NANOPHARMACY									
IV										
IV										
IV	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels									
	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels patterned on surfaces- Nanopharmacy- multi-targeted drugs – delivery of nucleic acids – interaction of organic molecules of the drug with pathological tissue									
V	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels patterned on surfaces- Nanopharmacy- multi-targeted drugs – delivery of nucleic acids – interaction of organic molecules of the drug with pathological tissue  NANOMEDICINE									
	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels patterned on surfaces- Nanopharmacy- multi-targeted drugs – delivery of nucleic acids – interaction of organic molecules of the drug with pathological tissue									
	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels patterned on surfaces- Nanopharmacy- multi-targeted drugs – delivery of nucleic acids – interaction of organic molecules of the drug with pathological tissue  NANOMEDICINE  Formation of nucleic acid core particle – protective steric coating – surface exposed ligands									
	Bio interactive hydro gels – PEG coating and surface modifications –PEG hyrogels patterned on surfaces- Nanopharmacy- multi-targeted drugs – delivery of nucleic acids – interaction of organic molecules of the drug with pathological tissue  NANOMEDICINE  Formation of nucleic acid core particle – protective steric coating – surface exposed ligands targeting specific tissues –biocompatible core-shell nanoparticles for medicine –									

#### **Reading List(Print and Online)**

https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.10090Fs11834-013-6063- 0.pdf http://nopr.niscair.res.in/bitstream/123456789/5224/1/IJEB2045(2)20160-165.pdf

#### RecommendedTexts

- 1. Robert.W.Kelsall, Ian.W.Hamley, Mark Geoghegan (Ed),
- 2. NanoScaleScience And Technology, John Wiley and son, ltd., 2005
- 3. H.Fujita (Ed), Micromachines As Tools For Nanotechnology, Springer, 2003
- 4. Mick Wilson Kamali Kannangara Geooff Smith Michelle, SimmonsUrkhard Raguse, Nano Technology, Overseas India private Ltd., 2005.
  - 5. Gunter Schmid, Nano Particles, Jhon wiley and sons limited, 2004
  - 6. K.K.Jain, Nano Biotechnology, Horizions Biosciences, 2006
  - 7. Malsch, N.H., "Biomedical Nanotechnology", CRC Press. (2005).
- 8. Mirkin, C.A. and Niemeyer, C.M., "Nanobiotechnology II: MoreConcepts and Applications", Wiley-VCH. (2007)
- 9. Kumar, C. S. S. R., Hormes, J. and Leuschner C., "Nanofabrication Towards Biomedical Applications: Techniques, Tools, Applications, and Impact", WILEY -VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. (2005).

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to POs	3	3	2	2	3

Strong  $\overline{-3}$ , Medium -2, Low -1

#### **SEMESTER-IV**

Core Paper XII - Industrial Nanotechnology	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER					

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Industrial Nanotechnology	Core				4	6	75

Pre requisites:	Basics in semiconductor materials, magnetic materials							
Learning Objectives:	The main objectives of this course are to:							
Course Outcome	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to  CO1:Development of new combination of nanomaterial based ontheir properties for future needs.  CO2: Evaluation and critical assessment of nanomaterials for various industrial application.  CO3:Assess the role of nanomaterial for enhancing the applicationeffect.  CO4: Review the industrial development and relevant nanomaterials supplywith required functionalities.  CO5:Demonstrate the new properties of nanomaterials for next							
	generationneeds.  Units							
	Units							
I SEMICONDU	CTOR NANOSTRUCTURES AND DEVICES							
Fabrication an	Fabrication and Applications of different types of semiconductor Nanostructures- Silicor							
horizontal and	vertical core shell Nanowires- Integrated circuits- Sensors- Electro optical							
	conductor Quantum dots (QDs) – QD LASER- Quantum cascade LASE							
devices.								

## II NANOSCALE MAGNETIC MATERIALS Application In Magnetic Storage Devices - Storing and Reading Device - Current Trends of Spin Based Electronic Devices. Optical Storage Devices: Near Field Optical Recording- Holographic Data Storage- AFM Based Recording Technology. Ш NANO ELECTRO MECHANICAL SYSTEMS Overview- Nano-Electromechanical Systems - Fabrication Process- Choice of Materials, Performance of Different Structures - Advantages and Disadvantages of Different Approaches Applications In Sensors, Micro Actuators - Extension to The Nanoscale. IV NANOSTRUCTURING BY PHYSCIAL TECHNIQUES Lithography-photo lithography-Phase shifing Photo Lithography- Electron beam Lithography— X-Ray Lithography- Focussed Ion Beam Lithography(FIB)- Neutron Atomic beam Lithography-Nanomanipulation-Micro fabrication $\mathbf{v}$ INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS Nanoparticles And Micro Organism for industrial application, Nano-Materials in Bone Substitutes and Dentistry, Food and Cosmetic Applications. Textiles, Paints, Catalysis, Drug Delivery and Its Applications, Biochips -Analytical Devices, Biosensors.

#### Reading List(Printand Online)

- 1. Nano Electronics, Parag Diwan and Ashish Bharadwaj, Pentagen Press (2006)
- 2. Principles of Superconductive Devices And Circuits, C.W. Turner and
- T. Van Duzer (1981)
- 3. Principles of Optical Electronics, A. Yariv, Wiley (1984)

#### **Recommended Texts**

- 1. Introduction To Molecular Electronics, M C Petty, M R Bryce, D Bloor(Eds.), Edward Arnold (1995)
- 2. Current Opinion In Solid State & Materials Science, D.D.C. Bradley, Vol. 1, 789 (1996)
  Nano Electronics And Information Technology, Rainer Waser, Wiely(2003)

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	3
Weightage	15	10	15	15	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	2	3	3	3

**Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1** 

## **SEMESTER-IV (ELECTIVE)**

Elective VI A: Nanotechnology for Food and	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
Agriculture	

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanotechnology for Food and Agriculture	Elective				3	4	75

Pre requisites:	Basics in sensors ,nanomaterials,food and agriculture needs				
Learning Objectives	2. To understand the usage of sensors in food and agriculture. 2. To explain about the functional materials for food and agriculture. 3. To understand the required nano composities for application purposes.				
Course outcomes:	On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to  CO1:Define and identify functional materials for food industry.  CO2: Understand and describe food and agricultural processes.  CO3: Interpretation and application of the theories and protocols for soil andfoodnutrient management.				
	CO4:Differentiate different types of nanomaterials food sensing, nutrientmanagement and packaging application.  CO5:Evaluation and assessment of various functional materials for sensing, nutrient management and packaging processes.				
	Units				
I	SENSORS FOR SOIL, SEED AND FOOD MONITORING Introduction and Importance, Various Sensing Methods, Chemical and Biosensors, Sensors for Monitoring Soil, Seed and Food, Nanomaterials For				
	Intelligent Sensors.				
II	FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS				
	Functional Materials for Food and Agriculture Use - Super Absorbent				
	Polymers, Coatings, Aerosols. Zeolites, Nano-Clays, Nano Emulsion,				
III	NANOFERTILIZERS				
	Nanofertilizer, Synthesis and Characterization. Fungicides, Herbicides – Pesticides. Types Of Nano-Formulations – Encapsulation of Pesticides. Release Studies, Smart Delivery, Bio- Efficacy and Bio-Safety.				

IV	MICRO-NANO ENCAPSULATION
	Encapsulation – Principles – Micro and Nano-Encapsulation – Release
	Mechanism –Encapsulation Versus Traditional Delivery Method - Sorption
	And Release Of Nutrients. Encapsulation Technologies – Extrusion –Spray
	Chilling – Spray Coating – Spray Drying – Emulsion – Gel Particles.
V	NANOCOMPOSITES AND FOOD PACKAGING
	Introduction And Scope. Polymer Films and Nano Composites – Bio-Nano
	Composites - Fabrication Process - Equipments Used - Testing Standards
	- Nano Material in Food Packaging - Solid And Liquid Food - Safety IssuesOf
	Nano Food Systems

Reading List (Print	1.Nano and Microencapsulation For Foods, Hae-Soo Kwak, Wiley (2018)
andonline)	
RecommendedTexts	1. Nanotechnologies In Food and Agriculture, Mahendra Rai, Caue
	Ribeiro, Luiz Mattoso, Nelson Duran, Springer (2015)
	2. Nanotechnology Applications In Food, Alexandru Grumezescu,
	Alexandra Oprea, Academic Press (2017)

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium – 2, Low - 1 Mapping with Programme Specific Outcomes

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to POs	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

#### 5 SEMESTER-IV

Elective VI B –	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER
Nanomedicine and Drug Delivery	

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Nanomedicine and Drug Delivery	Core				3	4	75

Pre requisite:	Basics concepts of nanomaterials and its limitations
	1.To learn the nanomaterials for bio-pharmaceuticals and drug delivery.
	2. To learn about the nanocarriers for drug delivery
	3.To learn the process of drug delivery to brain.lungs and the pharmaceutical
	nanocarriers in the treatment and imaging of inflection.

CO-1: Explain the basics of nanomedicine, surgical needs and imaging to in medicine field.
in medicine field
in medicine field.
CO-2: Understand the biopharmaceutical nanomaterials requiredfor dr
delivery
CO-3: Explain the various types of sensors for medical analysis
CO-4: Evaluate the properties of nanocarriers for diagonis and therapeu
application
CO5: Summarise and analyse the application of nanocarriers in drug
delivery

#### UNITS

I Prospect of Nanomedicine:

History of the idea — The Biological and MechanicalTraditions—Nanomedicine—Taxonomy—Bio-Pharmaceuticals-Implantable Materials-Implantable Devices-Surgical Aids-Diagnostic Tools-Genetic Testing-Imaging

II	Types of Sensors:						
	Chemical and Molecular Sensors- Displacement and Motion sensors-Force Nanosensors-						
	Pressure sensing-Thermal nanosensors- Electric and Magnetic Sensing.						
III	Nanocarriers:						
	Needs and Requirements-Nanoparticle Flow: Implications for Drug Delivery-Genetic						
	vaccines: A Role for Liposomes-Polymer Micelles as Drug Carriers-Recent advances in						
	Microemulsions as Drug Delivery Vehicles.						
IV	Nanocapsules:						
	Preparation, Characterization and Therapeutic Applications-Aerosols as Drug						
	Carriers-Magnetic Nanoparticles as Drug Carriers - Nanomedicine for eye						
	(Ophthalmology).						
V	Applications Drug Delivery:						
	Delivery of Nanoparticles to the Cardiovascular System-Nanocarriers for the vascula						
	Delivery of Drugs to the Lungs-Nanoparticulate Carriers for Drug Delivery to the Brain						
	Pharmaceutical Nanocarriers in Treatment and Imaging of Inflection.						
Rea	nding List(Printand Online)						
Iteu							
http odf	s://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.10090Fs11834-013-6063-						

#### RecommendedTexts

1. Nano Medicines Edited by Dr.Parag Diwan and Ashish Bharadwaj, Pentagon Press (2006) ISBN 81-8274-139-4

http://nopr.niscair.res.in/bitstream/123456789/5224/1/IJEB2045(2)20160-165.pdf

2. Nanoparticulates as Drug Carriers, Edited by Vladimir P.Torchilin, Imperical College Press, North Eastern University, USA (2006) ISBN 1-86094-630-5

Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

Strong - 3, Medium -2, Low - 1

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	15	15	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to POs	3	3	2	2	3

Strong -3, Medium -2, Low -1

# Semester IV

# SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE III

SEC III:	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER	l
<b>Basics of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Quality Audit</b>		l
		l
		l

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
	Basics of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Quality Audit	SEC				2	4	75

Pre requisite:	Basics concepts of materials compositions.
Learning Objectives	<ol> <li>To Understand the principles and types of pharmaceutics</li> <li>To know the concept of pharmacology</li> <li>To understand the fundamental aspects of pharmaceutical product development</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	On completion of this course the students will be able to:  CO1: Analyse the quality of the finished product and finally its validation to facilitate its market launch.  CO2: Discuss about ICH guidelines, i.e., the organization that sets and governs the laws and rules for all the quality tests
	CO3:Describe direct control on the quality of the formulation and assuring the compliance of standards  CO4: Evaluate the quality of various process and factors influencing the stability of products  CO5:Design to give a quality assurance and control process involving
	documentation, regulatory and other aspects in a pharmaceutical industry  Units
I	Introduction to pharmaceutical sciences:  Introduction about Pharameceutical -Principles and types of pharmaceutical dosage forms-solid, liquid, semi-solids, aerosols. Routes of drug administration

II	Basics of pharmacology
	Overview, sources of drugs, routes of drug administration, Pharmacokinetics-
	absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion, Pharmacodynamics, Adverse
	drugreactions, Drug interactions.
III	Pharmaceutical product development:
	Fundamental aspects, pharmaceutical excipients, biopharmaceutical
	considerations, Principles of solubilization, dissolution, partition coefficient,
	ionization and bioavailability.
IV	Kinetics and Drug stability:
	General concept of physical and chemical stability of pharmaceutical product,
	factors affecting drug stability, Degradation rate constant, Half-life
	determination and expiration dating, Introduction to ICH guidelines,
	Accelerated stability studies
V	Quality Audit
	Quality audit, Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), International Conference
	Harmonization (ICH), ISO-9000, ISO14000, WHO specifications, USFDA
	guidelinesand ICMR.
Recommended	1. Sed mtiazhaider. (2011). Pharmaceutical Master Validation Plan: The
Texts	Ultimate Guide to FDA  2. Ira R. Berry, Robert A Nash (2013), Pharmaceutical process validation, 3rd
	Rev Edition.Marcel Dekker
	3. Quality Assurance of Aseptic Preparation Services: Standards Part A   Fifth
	edition, Alison M Beaney, Royal Pharmaceutical Society and the NHS
	Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance Committee, 2016.  4. Manging for quality and performance excellence ninth edition James
	R.Every, William M.Lindsay South-western Cengage learning 2014.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
S										
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3

CO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3
Weightage	12	14	10	10	15
Weighted percentage (rounded of) Course Contribution to Pos	3	3	2	2	3

Strong - 3, Medium - 2, Low - 1

#### PROJECT (7 credit/10 hours)

The purpose of final year projects is to provide students an opportunity to apply the knowledge they have learnt, their intellectual abilities and practical skills to synthesize new nanomaterials.

Throughout the project, students are expected, with guidance from their supervisors, to do things and obtain information for themselves.

- i) Student should carry out INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS only
- ii) Project shall be allotted at the beginning of the IV semester.
- iii) Students may be allowed to carry out the project work in other research institutes.
- iv) Faculty members of the respective colleges must serve as guides
- v) Project report evaluation will be done and Viva-voce will be conducted by both the external examiner and the internal examiner at the end of the FOURTH SEMESTERitself.
- vi) Project report in THREE copies has to be submitted at the time of the exam.
- vii) Evaluation of Project report has to be done by the examiner(s) appointed by the University for 50 Marks.

#### **EXTENSION ACTIVITY (Credit: 1)**

Choose any one activity from the list given below and submit the report. Indiviual report must be submitted

#### 1, Entrepreneurship and Innovation Workshop Series

Empowering students to develop entrepreneurial skills and explore opportunities for commercializing Nanoscience -related technologies or starting their ventures.

#### **2,Science Education Outreach Program**

Involving students in educational outreach activities, such as designing and delivering workshops for schools or mentoring undergraduate students in projects.

3. Social relevant and Environmental related activities/approach

(3 (b) (3 (c) (d) (d) (d)



